

Dr Oliver Mathematics
Mathematics: National Qualifications N5
2015 Paper 1: Non-Calculator
1 hour

The total number of marks available is 40.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1. Evaluate

$$6\frac{1}{5} - 2\frac{1}{3}.$$

(2)

2. Solve algebraically the inequality

$$11 - 2(1 + 3x) < 39.$$

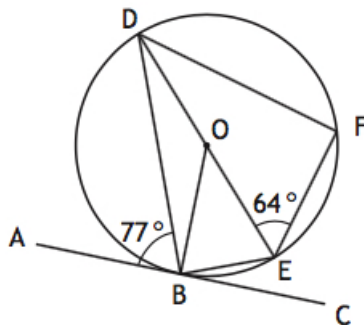
(3)

3. AC is a tangent to the circle, centre O , with point of contact B .

DE is a diameter of the circle and F is a point on the circumference.

Angle ABD is 77° and angle DEF is 64° .

(3)



Calculate the size of angle BDF .

4. Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms

$$(x - 4)(x^2 + x - 2).$$

(3)

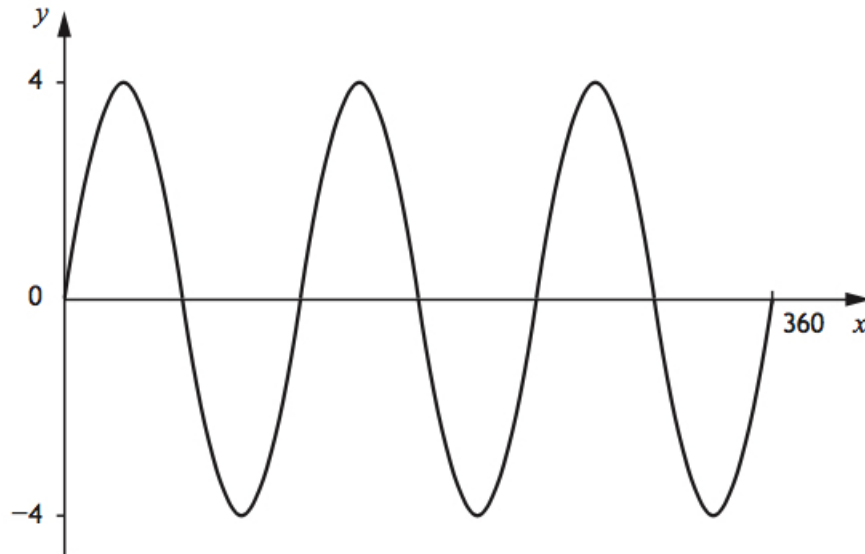
5. The standard deviation of 1, 2, 2, 2, and 8 is equal to \sqrt{a} .

(3)

Find the value of a .

6. Part of the graph of $y = a \sin bx^\circ$ is shown in the diagram.

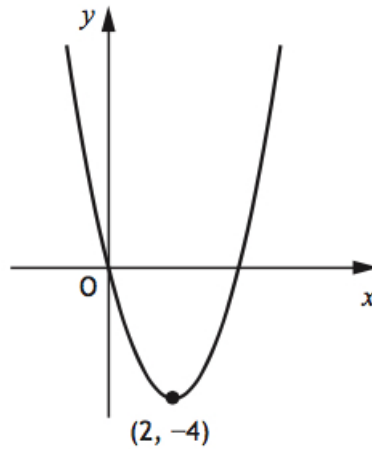
(2)



State the values of a and b .

7. The graph below shows part of the parabola with equation of the form

$$y = (x + a)^2 + b.$$



The minimum turning point $(2, -4)$ is shown in the diagram.

(a) State the values of

(i) a ,

(1)

(ii) *b*. (1)

(b) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry of the graph. (1)

8. Find the equation of the line joining the points $(-2, 5)$ and $(3, 15)$. (3)

Give the equation in its simplest form.

9. Write the following in order of size starting with the smallest. (2)

$$\cos 90^\circ \quad \cos 100^\circ \quad \cos 300^\circ.$$

Justify your answer.

10. Ten couples took part in a dance competition.

The couples were given a score in each round.

The scores in the first round were

$$16 \quad 27 \quad 12 \quad 18 \quad 26 \quad 21 \quad 27 \quad 22 \quad 18 \quad 17$$

(a) Calculate the median and semi-interquartile range of these scores. (3)

In the second round, the median was 26 and the semi-interquartile range was 2.5.

(b) Make two valid comparisons between the scores in the first and second rounds. (2)

11. Solve algebraically the system of equations (3)

$$3x + 2y = 17$$

$$2x + 5y = 4.$$

12. Simplify (3)

$$\frac{x^2 - 4x}{x^2 + x - 20}.$$

13. Express (3)

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}}$$

with a rational denominator.

Give your answer in its simplest form.

14. Evaluate (2)

$$8^{\frac{5}{3}}.$$