# Dr Oliver Mathematics Worked Examples <br> Probability 3 

From: Edexcel 2004 June Paper 5H (Non-Calculator)

1. (a) (i) Factorise $2 x^{2}-35 x+98$.
(ii) Solve the equation $2 x^{2}-35 x+98=0$.

A bag contains $(n+7)$ tennis balls.
$n$ of the balls are yellow.
The other 7 balls are white.
John will take at random a ball from the bag.
He will look at its colour and then put it back in the bag.
(b) (i) Write down an expression, in terms of $n$, for the probability that John will take a white ball.

Bill states that the probability that John will take a white ball is $\frac{2}{5}$.
(ii) Prove that Bill's statement cannot be correct.

After John has put the ball back into the bag, Mary will then take at random a ball from the bag.
She will note its colour.
(c) Given that the probability that John and Mary will take balls with different colours is $\frac{4}{9}$, prove that

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\begin{equation*}
2 n^{2}-35 n+98=0 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(d) Using your answer to part (a) (ii) or otherwise, calculate the probability that John and Mary will both take white balls.

